



Child playing at a school in Gaza
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State of Palestine

Humanitarian Situation Report



January – June 2019

Highlights

- Early May witnessed the most severe outbreak of hostilities in the Gaza Strip and southern Israel since the 2014 conflict, resulting in several injuries and deaths including of children of both sides.
- Since January 2019, eight children have been killed and 979 children have been hospitalized due to injuries in the context of the Great March of Return (GMR) demonstrations in Gaza. Since 30 March 2018, 58 children have been reported killed in Gaza and more than 7,000 injured.
- During the period under review, 3,200 potable water tanks and 920 water domestic tanks were distributed to 4,120 vulnerable households in different targeted areas of Gaza. Hygiene awareness sessions were conducted to the same beneficiaries as a follow-up to the distribution of the water tanks.
- More than 4,600 children and their caregivers were reached with Explosive Remnants of War (ERW) risk education sessions. In addition, over 2,500 caregivers benefitted from awareness-raising sessions on the protection of their children
- A Nutrition Needs Assessment conducted in the most vulnerable areas in Gaza with WFP and Save the Children indicated that 18% of pregnant women and 14% of lactating mothers are malnourished and only 14% of children under five years of age had a minimum acceptable diet. UNICEF supported the screening of over 3,000 children under-five for malnutrition, with 82 children treated for severe acute malnutrition, and 237 treated for moderate acute malnutrition.
- Around 78,700 children and women in Gaza benefitted from lifesaving medical supplies, including essential drugs, medical consumables, equipment, first aid kits and trauma bags.

2,500,000

Total people in need
(UN OCHA Humanitarian HRP 2019)

1,100,000

Total children (<18) in need
(UN OCHA Humanitarian HRP 2019)

429,000

of children to be reached
(UNICEF Humanitarian Action for Children 2019)

657,900

of people to be reached
(UNICEF Humanitarian Action for Children 2019)

UNICEF Appeal 2019

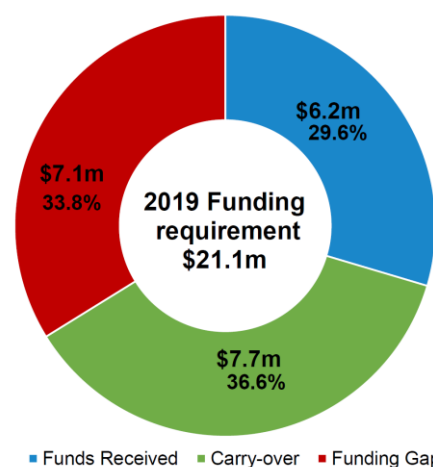
US\$ 21.1 million

Funding Status*

US\$ 13.9 million available

UNICEF Response with Partners

	Overall Needs	UNICEF and IPs		Cluster Response	
		2019 Target	Jan-June Results	2019 Target	Jan-June Results
WASH: # of people in humanitarian situation benefited from improved access to water	1,900,635	320,226	30,350	732,165	449,429
Child Protection: # of children who receive interventions including life skills, group and individual counselling and child-parent interaction programmes	339,075	13,250	5,205	35,472	18,843
Education: # of children benefiting from protective presence / accompaniment to school	8,226	6,700	6,150	6,900	6,150
Health: # of women and children under the age of five benefited from medical supplies	398,453	94,295	78,700	N/A	N/A



Humanitarian Situation and Needs:

The 12-year blockade on Gaza limits the access of the one million children to basic commodities such as water and electricity, as well as restricting the freedom of movement. Demonstrations taking place at the perimeter fence between Israel and Gaza in the Great March of Return (GMR) since 30 March 2018 have continued, with negative impact on children. The humanitarian situation in Gaza has been exacerbated by the fragile security situation with at least three serious escalations between Israeli forces and militant groups in Gaza. From 3-5 May 2019, 29 fatalities were reported, including three children and two pregnant women (four Israelis and 25 Palestinians killed) and around 170 people injured² including 33 children who were injured from live ammunition. There also continues to be a lack of progress on reconciliation efforts between the de facto authority in Gaza and the Palestinian Authority (PA). All these factors severely affect the living conditions of the population in Gaza, magnify insecurity, the sense of hopelessness and exacerbate poverty. This is contributing to reliance on negative coping mechanisms such as school drop-outs, child marriage, child labour, and other child rights violations.

Estimated Population in Need of Humanitarian Assistance (Estimates calculated based on the Humanitarian Response Plan 2019) ¹			
	Total	Male	Female
Total Population in Need	2,500,000	1,272,500	1,227,500
Children (Under 18)	1,100,000	559,900	540,100
Total people to be reached	657,900	334,871	323,029
Total children to be reached	429,000	218,361	210,639

Eight children have been killed since the beginning of 2019 in the context of the Great March of Return, while 979 children have been hospitalized due to injuries. According to OCHA reports, since 30 March 2018, 58 children (55 boys and three girls) have been reported killed in Gaza and more than 7,000 injured, with over 3,600 requiring hospital treatment.



Palestinian girl makes bread with her mother in Gaza strip
© UNICEF-Sop/Shehzad Nourani/2019

The deterioration in the humanitarian situation in Gaza has pushed more families into poverty undermining their ability to afford basic education supplies for their children and increasing the risk of dropping out of school. Children who drop out are at risk of child labour or participating in life-threatening activities, increasing the demands on the already overburdened protection system in Gaza.

The World Health Organization (WHO) recorded 446 attacks on health care in Gaza since the start of the Great March of Return on 30th March 2018. These attacks resulted in three deaths and 731³ injuries among health workers. In total 104 ambulances and 6 other forms of health transport were damaged, in addition to five health facilities and one hospital. This has implications for aid/relief operations with health workers facing substantial barriers to carry out their work.

In partnership with the World Food Programme (WFP) and Save the Children, a Nutrition Needs Assessment was undertaken in the most vulnerable areas in Gaza. According to the results, 18% of pregnant women and 14% of lactating mothers are malnourished. The results also revealed that coping strategies of the most vulnerable population in Gaza compromise the diversity and daily intake of nutritious foods. Only 14% of children under five years of age had a minimum acceptable diet.

There is an increasing need for case management and related services in Gaza, including vocational training for children who have dropped-out of school, affected some way by the incidents following participation in demonstrations at the perimeter fence. However, the financial capacities of families restrict their ability to register children also in vocational options. This has compounded the already difficult circumstances for families trying to protect their vulnerable children and increasing risks of negative coping mechanisms.

In the West Bank including East Jerusalem, security incidents and clashes continue to occur on a sporadic basis and children face significant protection risks. Ill-treatment of children during their arrest, transfer, detention and interrogation remains a concern. The detailed testimonies of a total of 82 arrested children have been collected and analysed to date in 2019 with 51 children reporting that they were subjected to ten or more forms of ill-treatment (eg physical violence, night arrest, painful hand-ties, denial of access to a lawyer, etc).

¹ Disaggregated data based on 2018 PCBS population figures (50.9% male and 49.1% female).

² <https://www.ochaopt.org/reports/protection-of-civilians>.

³ <http://www.emro.who.int/pse/palestine-news/attacks-of-health-care-during-the-great-march-of-return-in-gaza.html>

In the West Bank, incidents of demolitions and violence were reported over the reporting period. A total of 305⁴ structures were demolished in East Jerusalem leading to the displacement of 439 people including children. A total of three children (one boy and two girls) were killed in violence-related incidents in the West Bank.



Children walk from Kindergarten, situated next to the al- Ibrahimi mosque, to their homes. On the way they pass a booth with Israeli soldiers and military checkpoints
© UNICEF-Sop/Loulou d'Aki/2017

The Education Cluster estimates that 505,285 (249,327 males, 255,958 females) children across Palestine face challenges in accessing quality education in a safe and child-friendly environment. Around 13,973 (5,942 males, 8,031 females) teachers are also in need of support to continue the provision of quality education to children in Palestine. Access to education is compromised by an increase in education-related violations, affecting over 39,000 students and teachers (Area C - 26,387, East Jerusalem - 11,481 and West Bank- 1,377) where children are exposed to conflict-related violence and delays on their way to schools, which can lead to increased school dropout rates.

students and teachers on their way to and from school; severe shortage of classrooms and demolition or “stop work” orders on school buildings. Due to the increased needs rising from the education related violations in the West Bank, UNICEF reached out to more children than the targeted number.

The realization of the right to education remains severely compromised due to violence and armed search operations in schools; harassment, intimidation and violence towards

Finally, the fiscal crisis experienced by the Palestinian authority has led to 30 to 35 per cent salary cut in public sector pay starting in the 2nd quarter of 2019 and is expected to have a negative impact on the economy and livelihoods if it persists.

Humanitarian Leadership and Coordination

UNICEF is part of the UN Country Team and Humanitarian Country Team and regularly coordinates its action with other organizations and local stakeholders. Within this partnership, UNICEF leads the WASH Cluster and shares some of these responsibilities with the Palestinian Water Authority (PWA). UNICEF in partnership with Save the Children co-leads the Education Cluster in Gaza and in the West Bank. Within the Protection Cluster, UNICEF leads the Child Protection Working Group and the Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) group. UNICEF co-leads the Nutrition Working Group under the Health Cluster, in Gaza as well as at the national level, in close collaboration with the Ministry of Health and World Health Organization (WHO). Key cluster achievements include the identification and prioritisation of cross-sectoral humanitarian needs, and coordination of sectoral humanitarian partners around these priorities. Challenges have included poor level of HRP funding levels translating into limited humanitarian responses despite overwhelming needs.

Humanitarian Strategy

UNICEF and partners continued to foster synergies between humanitarian and development assistance in the State of Palestine, while emphasizing emergency preparedness. In line with the SoP National Health Strategy (2017-2022) UNICEF supports neonatal emergency health care, postnatal care, and early childhood development, focusing on children with developmental delays and disabilities. With the deterioration of the water and sanitation situation and the ongoing energy crisis, UNICEF provides safe drinking water through solar power, water tank rehabilitation and network upgrades. Households are supported with drinking water taps, latrines, sewage connections and hygiene promotion activities. UNICEF in line with the Education Sector Strategic Plan (2017-2022) ensures that more Palestinian children and adolescents, especially the most vulnerable, benefit from improved access to quality and inclusive learning opportunities in safe and protected environments and are enabled to contribute to their community and national development. UNICEF also supports flood preparedness and mitigation activities in high-risk areas. UNICEF regularly delivers critical health and other supplies to the Gaza Strip in response to humanitarian needs

With the deterioration of the security and protection situation, the strengthening of child protection systems continues to remain a top priority in UNICEF action, including case management and referrals, psychosocial support, legal aid and counselling, and focusing on addressing negative coping mechanisms for adolescents. Monitoring and reporting on child rights and other assessments inform evidence-based advocacy for improved child protection.

⁴ <https://www.ochaopt.org/data/demolition>

The Country Programme also seeks to strengthen its equity focus to promote coherence across programmes in addressing cross-cutting issues that cause and perpetuate inequity to ensure stronger systems for identification and referral of vulnerable children, and the integration of cross-sectoral planning and programme implementation as standard practice. Special emphasis is on early childhood and adolescence, including gender and disability.

Summary Analysis of Programme Response

UNICEF is working in close collaboration with key partners and stakeholders to protect the rights of children and provide needed services for children and their families. These areas include WASH, child protection, education and adolescents, as well as health and nutrition.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

UNICEF and partners continued to support improved access to safe and clean water through the distribution of chlorine for all water facilities in Gaza Strip (280 water wells, 48 desalination plants, and 40 water reservoirs) to reduce the risk of water borne diseases. The intervention has reached all residents in Gaza who are connected to the municipal networks. In partnership with an NGO partner, UNICEF completed a needs assessment to identify the most vulnerable households to target in the distribution of water tanks and the rehabilitation of sanitary facilities. After the assessment a total of 3,200 potable water tanks and 920 water domestic tanks reaching 4,120 disadvantaged households in different targeted areas of Gaza. As a follow-up to the distribution of the water tanks, hygiene awareness sessions were conducted for the beneficiaries. Rehabilitation works are in progress with 77 out of 1,500 sanitary facilities having been completed, in addition to 105 households that have already been connected to sewerage networks. UNICEF distributed 1,600 domestic water tanks to 1,600 households including rehabilitation of 180 sanitary facilities in 180 households which is ongoing.

In the period under review, UNICEF also supported the improvement of WASH services in Al Zaitoon and Bani Suhaila health centers in Gaza through the rehabilitation of sanitary facilities, provision of a water-well and small-scale desalination unit in each health center. Urgent rehabilitation works were also conducted on the old water network in Al Shifa Hospital in Gaza. In partnership with a local NGO, UNICEF assessed the WASH status in health facilities, to inform the WASH and Health Clusters in identifying and concurrently monitoring priority WASH preparedness and response interventions. UNICEF also supported the establishment of a surveillance mechanism for WASH in Health facilities with key stakeholders from the WASH and Health Clusters as an emergency triggering system.



UNICEF upgrades Khan Younis wastewater treatment plant in southern #Gaza Strip with 250KW solar system energy. © UNICEF-Sop/Anas al-Baba/2019

UNICEF supported the installation of household water-treatment and safe storage and hand washing units at health clinics. Hygiene awareness sessions for school children are ongoing at community level. An upgrade of the Al Zahra water-well and the Khan Younis wastewater treatment plant in Gaza is ongoing, including the installation of a solar-powered energy system. WASH services are expected to improve once the rehabilitation works are completed as there will be increased access owing to the longer operating hours. The use of renewable energy has a great potential of improving the level of wastewater treatment and reducing contaminants that are discharged into the sea.

In addition, UNICEF also supported the increase of operational hours for critical WASH facilities through electromechanical repairs for water and wastewater facilities and their associated generators, enabling repairs for water wells, booster stations and pumping stations. The extension of two emergency warehouses is almost completed, including supplying them with water and wastewater spare parts.

Underachievement on WASH targets has been due mainly to the challenging environment with regards to the approvals required for entry of materials into Gaza, lack of liquidity by contractors and capacity limitations of the local market.

Child Protection

From January to June 2019, UNICEF and local partners in Gaza reached 5,798 vulnerable children (47% girls) with various targeted interventions including individual and group counselling, life skills, child-parent interaction sessions and other psychosocial support group activities. Out of the children reached, 1,187 children (404 girls) received urgent individual case management support. In addition, 2,504 caregivers (27% males) benefitted from awareness-raising sessions on the protection

of their children and 4,627 children and their caregivers were reached with Explosive Remnants of War (ERW) risk education sessions.

During the reporting period, 150 children aged 12-17 in East Jerusalem received legal support. In addition, 2,974 children who were arrested in the West Bank (mainly in Hebron and Ramallah), received legal assistance. UNICEF partners provided information sessions on legal rights to 570 children (294 girls) in 11 West Bank schools, and to 185 caregivers (161 women).

Since 30 March 2018, UNICEF and members of the Child Protection Area of Responsibility (CP AoR) have provided child protection services to 2,727 children (4% girls) injured during the GMR (75% of the 3,600 children hospitalised). Of these children, 690 were referred for specialist case management support and 1,000 to structured psychosocial support services. Child protection specialists in UNICEF-supported family centres have identified and reached 559 injured children (20%) through home visits and provision of psychological first aid, 212 children accessing structured psychosocial support and 233 received individual case management support. The increasing needs in Gaza have overwhelmed the capacities of child protection partners. Timely case management support, including mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS), is needed to prevent later manifestation of mental health illnesses. UNICEF-supported family centres have identified and reached 559 injured children (20%) through home visits and provision of psychological first aid, with 212 children accessing structured psychosocial support and 233 receiving individual case management support. The increasing needs in Gaza have overwhelmed the capacities of child protection partners. Timely case management support, including MHPSS, is needed to prevent later manifestation of mental health illnesses.



Girls playing at one of UNICEF-supported communities in Hebron's hills, southern West Bank. © UNICEF-Sop/Shehzad Nourani/2019

During of the first half of 2019, 17 CP AoR and MHPSS Working Group partners in Gaza reached 18,618 children (8,858 girls and 9,760 boys) with child protection services including MHPSS, life skills education and counselling support services. This included 1,427 children with disabilities (668 girls and 759 boys). Additionally, 2,080 children (704 girls and 1,376 boys) accessed individual case management support services. Structured psychosocial support services were also provided to 43,821 caregivers (20% male). In the West Bank, the CP AoR and MHPSS partners reached 225 children (82 boys and 143 girls) in six governorates with structured psychosocial support including individual and group counselling.

Education and Adolescents

UNICEF supported 6,150 children (2,364 girls) and 702 teachers with protective presence on their way to and from schools in Area C and the H2 area of Hebron city in the West Bank. Challenges in accessing children's rights to education were noted as they daily cross military check points and go through closed military zones on their daily commute to school.



Girls during an English language class at a UNICEF-supported Secondary School in Northern Gaza Strip. © UNICEF-Sop/Shehzad Nourani/2019

A total of 4,595 children (1,907 girls) from grades 3-5 in Gaza received assistance to improve their literacy and numeracy skills through participating in remedial education programme. The programme in Gaza aims at reducing the percentage of vulnerable children who are at substantial risk of dropping out, by providing catch-up lessons. During the reporting period, the Gaza emergency education response plan was updated by the Education Cluster. Under this plan, the UNICEF role is to rapidly deliver education support to affected students in case their education is disrupted due to escalation. UNICEF supported the procurement and pre-positioning of school supplies including school bags and stationary kits, to ensure preparedness in case of an escalation.

Education Cluster remains one of the least funded areas of the humanitarian response plan in Palestine. The Education Cannot Wait (ECW) funding came as a relief to the education cluster in support of linking humanitarian and development interventions. Funding to support education outcomes will enable alleviation of the funding gap in the Education Cluster as well as bridging of the humanitarian-development divide. The ECW programme bridges this divide through adoption of innovative approaches,

combined with evidence-based interventions, by strengthening the education system to manage and coordinate protracted conflicts and chronic crises to ensure the needs of conflict affected children and youth are reached. The two-year ECW/Multi-Year Resilience Programme (MYRP) is due to start in August 2019 when schools are open. It will focus on ensuring that vulnerable children affected by crisis have continued access to complete quality education in a protective learning environment and the education system is enhanced to adequately cope with sudden onset emergencies.

Health & Nutrition

During the reporting period, UNICEF and its partners responded to the humanitarian needs of the most vulnerable women and children in Gaza and improved access to adequate health and nutritional care services to 78,700 children and women who are benefiting from lifesaving medical supplies including essential drugs, medical consumables, equipment, first aid kits and trauma bags.

UNICEF supported the timely delivery of assistance to targeted beneficiaries through facilitating an offshore procurement of 138 pallets of essential and lifesaving drugs which were distributed to 11 neonatal intensive care units (NICUs), maternal and child health care facilities. In total, six NICUs in one paediatric hospital and five maternal hospitals and clinics with the most urgent needs in Gaza were supported and in turn have provided medical services to a total of 3,606 new-borns. In addition, an offshore procurement was completed for 270 wheelchairs and 135 crutches from the local market, to support those who are injured from the mass demonstrations. Due to the prolonged donations approval process and the response to increased number of children injured due to the GMR reactions, UNICEF in coordination with WHO and Cluster partners provided 300 first aid kits and 35 trauma bags for immediate release and prepositioning in Gaza. During the reporting period, UNICEF also supported two neonatal intensive care units in Gaza through the procurement of medical equipment which is expected to serve and ensure lifesaving services for 1,000 neonates annually. In total, three double-wall and seven conventional single-wall incubators were delivered to provide essential neonatal health care and promotion of exclusive breastfeeding and rooming. UNICEF procured and distributed 11 solar refrigerators for UNRWA primary health care clinics where 70% of vaccines for Gaza are stored for the immunization programme.

UNICEF with partners provided ante-natal and postnatal care including required treatment and follow-up for 6,447 pregnant and lactating women who visited four targeted primary health care centres. In the same period 1,222 women delivering babies received facility-based counselling sessions on post-natal care and breast-feeding counselling before discharge from the maternity hospital. Additionally, 1,424 pregnant and lactating mothers received facility-based psychosocial counselling. UNICEF is supporting the review and finalisation of the protocol, guidelines data entry tools and monitoring check lists for the provision of Post Natal Home Visit (PNHV) services.

UNICEF coordinated the Nutrition Sub-Cluster Working Group activities in Gaza. The results of the Gaza nutrition needs assessment have triggered an urgent call for action under the nutrition Sub-Cluster Working Group including WFP and Save the Children. As a result, key nutrition players and Health Cluster partners are developing a joint interagency action plan for Maternal Infant Young Child Nutrition in Emergencies (MIYCF-N) including budgeting an operational plan for the Gaza Strip. During the reporting period, UNICEF jointly with NGO partners provided treatment to 82 children with severe acute malnutrition (SAM), and 237 children with moderate acute malnutrition (MAM).



Mother takes her child for medical check at one of UNICEF-supported mobile clinics in northern West Bank. © UNICEF-Sop/Shehzad Nourani/2019

UNICEF in partnership with WFP and a local partner completed the nutrition barrier analysis in vulnerable communities in the West Bank, Hebron (H2), Area C (North and Middle) and East Jerusalem. The analysis focused on six nutrition behaviours related to the infant and young child responsive feeding, diet diversity and behaviours that contributes to anaemia among pregnant and lactating women and school-going age children.

The findings emphasized the inclusion of perceived self-efficacy, cues of action and culture as influential to behaviours. The three main recommendations from the findings were: design and implement community-based interventions focusing on high risk groups of pregnant, lactating mothers and young children; invest in strengthening

the Baby-Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI); and enforce the implementation of the breast-milk substitutes code. UNICEF and WFP in coordination with partners committed to design the intervention plan and framework for behavioural change to target these behaviours and promote appropriate nutrition practices. UNICEF and WFP in coordination with partners committed to

design the intervention plan and framework for behavioural change to target these behaviours and promote appropriate nutrition practices. A nutrition barrier analysis in Gaza is being finalised and results expected to inform and identify the most significant barriers to behaviour change.

Media and External Communication

During the reporting period, the Communication and Advocacy Section continued working on the CRC@30 (the 30th anniversary of the Convention of the Rights of the Child) national campaign in close coordination with UN Country Team members. This included printing and distributing the CRC booklet in Arabic to local partners and stakeholders. The campaign will publish photo stories covering all sectors of UNICEF’s work in the State of Palestine, including [ECD](#), and [children with disability](#). UNICEF SoP also participated in several international days to raise awareness of children rights in Palestine, including social media campaigns covering [Menstrual Hygiene Day](#), and [Child Labour day](#).

In May 2019, UNICEF and the Bank of Palestine signed an MoU and held a [press conference](#) in support of youth and vulnerable children in the State of Palestine. In June 2019, the partnership between UNICEF and the EU in WASH cluster was highlighted in one of the EU-produced Ramadan TV show [episodes](#). UNICEF also supported the global parenting month campaign through social media.

Supply and Logistics

UNICEF SoP facilitated the receipt and dispatching of US\$ 1.4 million worth of vaccines to Palestine on behalf of the Ministry of Health and in support of the national immunization programme. This included 43,500 doses on Penta vaccines and 17,500 doses of diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP). Around 90.5 metric tonnes of drugs and lab equipment were also dispatched into Gaza by the supply team and this included 270 wheelchairs. Entry of materials continues to experience delays given the long importation process and restrictions related to Gaza “dual use” items.

Funding

UNICEF received significant emergency funding from the Belgium Development Agency, Canada, ECHO, France, Japan, OCHA, SIDA, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the Global Thematic Humanitarian Fund. The [2019 UNICEF Humanitarian Appeal](#) funding requirement is for US\$ 21.1 million, and as of June 2019 US\$ 13.9 million or 66% percent of the requirements was available. However, this includes a considerable amount carried over from 2018 when funds were received in support of the HRP in the last weeks of the year. Carry forward funding was particularly significant in the WASH, Child Protection and Health and Nutrition programmes.

Appeal Sector	SoP - UNICEF HRP 2019 Funding Requirements				
	Requirements (USD)	Funds Available *		Funding Gap	
		Funds Received Current Year	Carry-Over	USD	%
WASH	11,278,451	2,050,789	5,029,539	4,198,123	37%
Education	3,402,803	1,156,561	668,204	1,578,038	46%
Child Protection	2,857,931	984,286	1,060,332	813,313	28%
Health and Nutrition	2,810,736	1,607,552	944,569	258,614	9%
Cluster Coordination	707,301	434,356	0	272,945	39%
Total	21,057,222	6,233,543	7,702,645	7,121,034	34%

Next SitRep: 20/09/2019

UNICEF State of Palestine: <http://www.unicef.org/oPt>

UNICEF State of Palestine on Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/unicefstateofpalestine>

UNICEF State of Palestine on Twitter: <https://twitter.com/UNICEFpalestine>

UNICEF Humanitarian Action for Children 2019: https://www.unicef.org/appeals/state_of_palestine.html

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Annex A: SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS Mid-Year 2019

	Overall needs 2019 ⁵	UNICEF Response			Cluster Response		
		2019 ⁶ Target	Total Results	Change since last report ▲▼	2019 Target	Total Results	Change since last report ▲▼
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE							
# of people in humanitarian situation benefited from improved access to water	1,900,635	320,226	30,350 ⁷	395	732,165	449,429	195,379
# of people in humanitarian situation benefited from improved access to sanitation services	1,197,400	14,295	3,411 ⁸	2,031	116,848	76,499	72,214
# of people with increased access to WASH services in health institutions	NA	284,490	0 ⁹	0	NA ¹⁰	NA	NA
# of people will benefit from preparedness activities against the risks of floods	NA	360,000	0 ¹¹	0	360,000	13,802	660
# of people received hygiene materials/kits	380,127	19,699	14,134	6,991	73,137	77,195	32,881
CHILD PROTECTION							
# of children, including the injured, who receive interventions including life skills, group and individual counselling and child-parent interaction programmes	339,075	13,250 ¹²	5,205 ¹³	2,510	35,472	18,843	9,623
# of women and men who receive information on their rights and access legal services.	70,878	1,400	1,079	972	4,061	1,079	972
# of people (children and caregivers) receive ERW risk education, including children	106,311	15,606	4,627 ¹⁴	2,175	43,606	4,627	1,653
# of children who benefited from structured psychosocial activities in Gaza during the summer months to build their physical and mental health ¹⁵	NA	80,000	0 ¹⁶	0	NA	NA	NA
EDUCATION							
# of children benefited from provision of supplies and materials	496,485	33,300	0 ¹⁷	0	316,813	0	0
# of children benefiting from protective presence / accompaniment to school	8,226	6,700	6,150	0 ¹⁸	6,900	6,150 ¹⁹	0
# of children benefitting from catch up classes	24,789	5,000	4,595	92	24,100	4,595 ²⁰	92
HEALTH and NUTRITION							
# of women and children under the age of five (boys and girls) benefited from medical supplies	398,453	94,295	78,700	3,726	NA	NA	NA

⁵ The overall need per cluster is aligned to the needs reflected in the Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP) 2019 published by UNOCHA.

⁶ The relevant targets reflected in HAC were rounded down.

⁷ Reporting under this indicator will be made available once the construction work will be completed.

⁸ Reporting under this indicator will be made available end of Q4 as most of the contracts and PCAs are ongoing.

⁹ Reporting under this indicator will be made available in the third quarter of 2019.

¹⁰ WASH Cluster does not have target for # of people with increased access to WASH services in health institutions.

¹¹ Funds to be allocated in late September 2019 as the activity is a winter related activity.

¹² The target has been revised to include children who will be benefiting from structured child protection.

¹³ Reporting under this indicator will be made available end of Q4 with new partnerships in place.

¹⁴ Based upon new funding UNICEF has established new partnership which will contribute to delivery of results in last 6 months of year

¹⁵ This indicator has been included in the Humanitarian Appeal for Children (HAC) under Education.

¹⁶ Reporting under this indicator will be made available in the third quarter of 2019.

¹⁷ Funding for the projects related to provision of supplies and materials recently received and procurement underway.

¹⁸ These figures are not due to change until the commencement of the new academic year in 2019/20. The first quarter result includes 706 teachers, this error has been rectified in this current SitRep.

¹⁹ In addition to 6,150 children, 706 teachers also received protective presence support (total teachers and children is 7,856).

²⁰ These are quarter 1 results. The Cluster will update the figures in August as per agreement with partners.

# of pregnant and lactating women and lactating mothers receiving health service	213,957	20,390	6,447 ²¹	1,908	NA	NA	NA
# of neonates receiving quality lifesaving services	12,271	10,420	3,606 ²²	1,833	NA	NA	NA

²¹Reporting under these indicators will be increased by end of current year pending the finalization of health and Postnatal care guidelines.